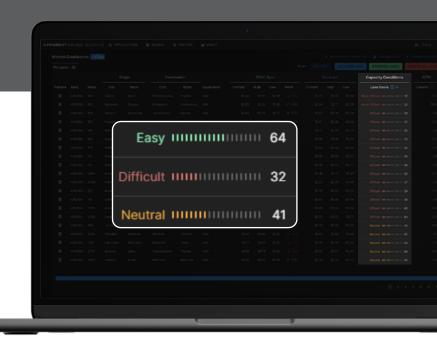


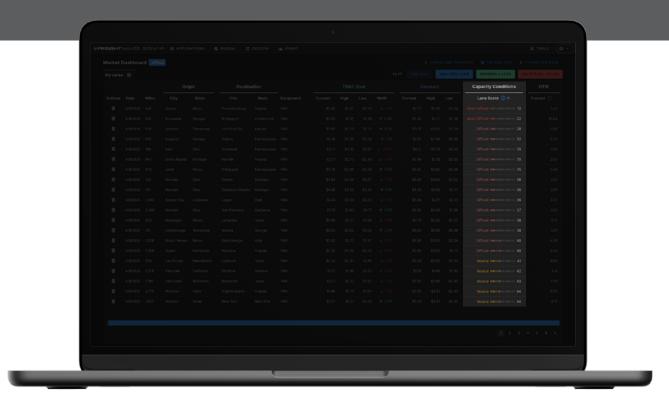
SONAR Lane Scores at a Glance

Comparing the Use Cases for SONAR Lane Scores and Capacity Lane Scores



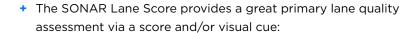
SONAR Lane Scores	Capacity Lane Scores
Scaled from 1-100 (difficult to easy coverage)	Scaled from 1-100 (loose to tight market conditions)
Built using load balance data (OTVI & ITVI)	Built using modeled scenarios with OTVI, ITVI, OTRI and volatility data
90-day lookback	4-week lookback
Score are updated weekly on Sunday	Tables are updated daily
API requests covering a date range that extends beyond 1 week will return a single average score from the start date to end date	API requests covering a date range will return the discrete daily lane score for each day between the start date and end date
Relative to the total population and can be ranked against one another	Relative to the individual lanes and should not be comparably ranked against other lanes
Optimized to provide the best visibility into overall lane coverage conditions	Optimized to provide the best visibility into near-time changes in market conditions
Ideal for bid/RFP assessments, prioritizing lanes based on capacity conditions, network optimization and analysis	Ideal for gaining visibility into emerging market changes, informing directional changes in near-term spot prices, and assessment of relative market volatility

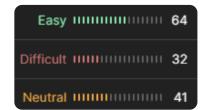




How to Use Both Scores Together

Both scores can be used together to provide greater overall visibility around lane quality and capacity conditions.





- + The SONAR Lane Score enables users to rank different lanes against each other when quoting multiple lanes.
- + The Capacity Lane Score can be incorporated to add refined visibility into the near-term changes of coverage conditions. This can be accomplished by using the directional change of the Capacity Lane Score over the past 2-3 days, as well as the velocity of change.